Strengthening the Global Workforce to Battle **Infectious Disease Threats Through Universities:**

The One Health Workforce Project

Katharine Pelican¹, Saul Tzipori², Jeff Bender³

1. Ecosystem Health Division, Department of Veterinary Population Medicine, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Minnesota; 2. Department of Infectious Disease and Global Health, Cummings School of Veterinary Medicine, Tufts University; 3. Environmental Health Division, School of Public Health, University of Minnesota.

The 2013 Ebola Outbreak in West Africa demonstrated the need for a workforce that had the technical competencies to work within their own sector, but also possessed the skills to work across sectors and disciplines: A One Health Workforce. The USAID One Health Workforce (OHW) project is developing a health workforce that is prepared to prevent, detect, and respond to the threat of infectious diseases around the world. Teams at the University of Minnesota and Tufts University provide support for two regional university networks, the One Health Central and Eastern Africa (OHCEA) network and the Southeast Asia One Health University Network (SEAOHUN). OHW is able to leverage these established university networks to create a sustainable transformation in the regions' health workforces.



One Health Workforce Objectives

OHW identifies multi-sectoral operational workforce needs.



SECTOR-SPECIFIC TECHNICAL COMPETENCIES

that meet international standards and requirements



MULTI-SECTORAL COMPETENCIES

that give personnel the skills and knowledge to work across sectors effectively



OPERATIONAL CAPACITY

within institutions and organizations to support multisectoral work

Universities are key drivers of change as they educate the future and current One Health workforce and forge partnerships with governments and communities to strengthen national infectious disease capacity through applied research, innovative training, and service work.

Approach to Workforce Transformation

The One Health University Networks (OHUNs) support local governments by identifying and addressing knowledge and skills gaps in the current health workforce and transforming the future health workforce to address the complex, transdisciplinary, and multi-sectoral One Health challenges in their countries and regions. OHW supports the OHUNs in achieving these goals through a wide set of collaborative activities focusing on 3 key areas: multi-sectoral engagement, education and training, and institutional strengthening.



MULTI-SECTORAL EDUCATION & **ENGAGEMENT**



TRAINING

- Field-Based Training



INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING

- TYPES OF ACTIVITIES:



address health challenges at interface of animals, humans together various disciplines together to more effectively The One Health approach health, medicine, nursing, a

Empowering our current and future generations of healthcare workers around the world.

Key Results in One Health Workforce Transformation

Over the first 3 years of the project, the One Health Workforce Project has enriched the skills and experiences of human, animal, and environmental health workers.



OHW works in **12** countries across 2 continents. It is exploring opportunities in 3 new expansion countries.



OHW supports 2 regional and 4 national One Health University Networks.



These networks are comprised of 139 schools and faculties in 79 universities.



34 member universities have established One Health Student Clubs.



OHW has trained over 7,000 students, 2,900 faculty members, and **2,600** current health



52 One Health Fellows were placed in health-related

organizations.



OHW supported 98 community outreach activities.



OHW partners coordinated 51 multisectoral and multi-

lateral events.



OHW partners produced **40** evidence-based materials on One Health.



professionals.

OHW partners developed 77 educational materials on One Health.



This poster is made possible by the generous support of the American people through the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The contents are the responsibility of the Emerging Pandemic Threats 2 One Health Workforce Project and do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID or the United States Government.











